

Challenges to Face-to-Face Data Collection

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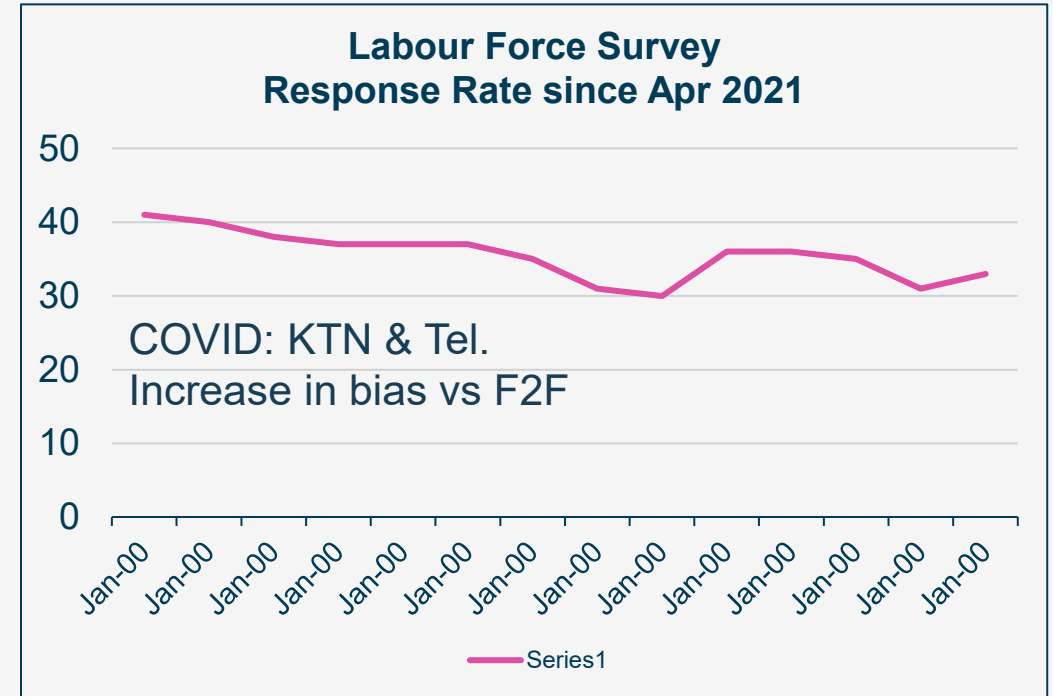
Operational Challenges

- ‘Knock to Nudge (KTN)’ – April 21
- Initial +10% response reducing
- Respondent behaviours evolving
- Top 3 operational challenges:

Insufficient field force resources
(pandemic / cost of living / sample sizes)

‘Knock to Nudge’ leakage - not as
effective as in-home interviewing

Escalating travel costs impacting
calling patterns



Currently averaging only 1.5
calls per respondent in single
time-slot.

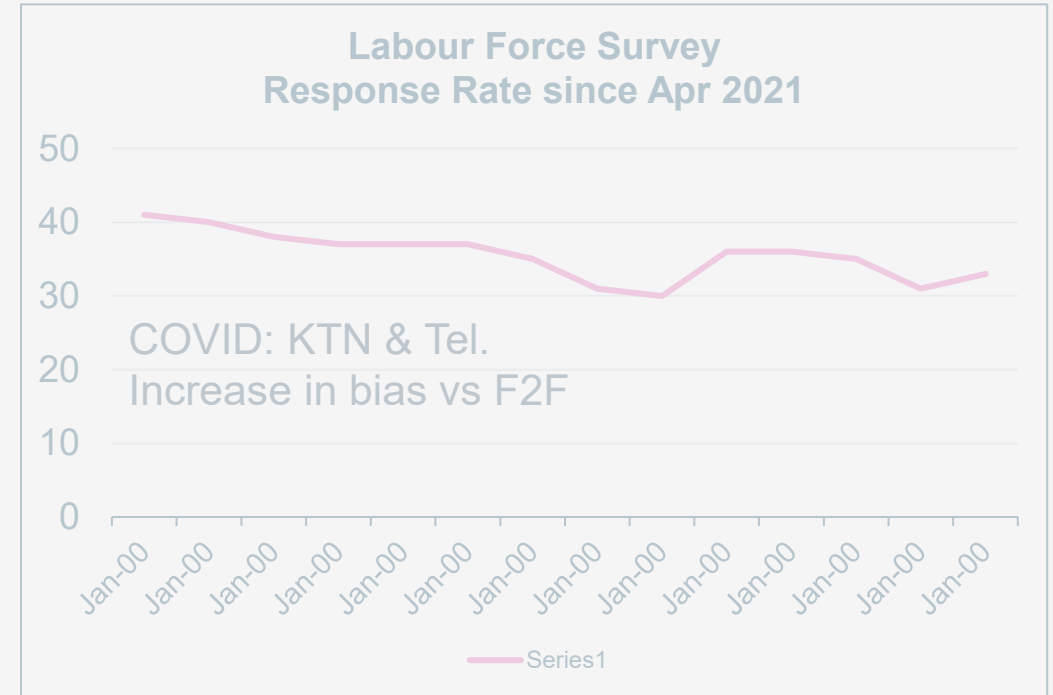
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1. Return to ‘pre-COVID’ sample sizes
2. Re-instate more F2F interviewing
3. Expand recruitment efforts
4. Exploring options on pay/travel issues

Strategic Challenges



Respondent
Environment



Cost



Sustainability



Workforce



Quality

Addressing the Strategic Quality Challenge

Three priority areas for data collection

1. Reducing Bias

2. Reducing Attrition

3. Improving Response

- Ensuring representative achieved sample
- Focus on national and local improvements
- Drive to maximise inclusivity
- **Minimise variability in response across**
 - **Index of Multiple of Deprivation**
 - **Output Area Classification**
 - **Geographic Regions**
- Evaluation of proportional make-up of achieved sample for age, sex, disability, tenure, ethnicity, occupation, industry

Future of Face-to-Face Data Collection

- An intensely valuable asset – deployed sparingly...:

Targeted deployment in support of an online-first/telephone data collection approach

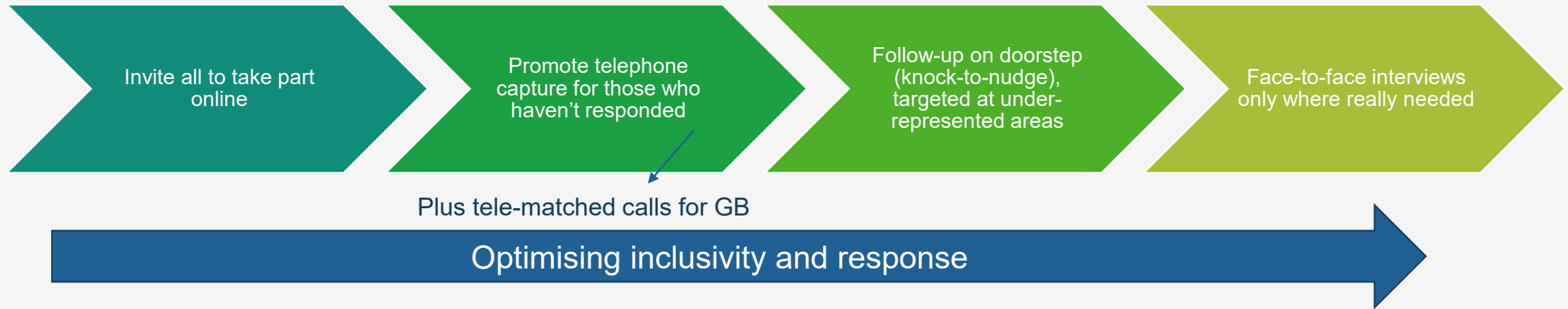
Complete within next 5 years

Where online/telephone data collection is not appropriate

Quality assurance and validation exercises

Adaptive Survey Design & Responsive Operation

- Face to face data collection applied to specific sub-groups to reduce non-response bias:

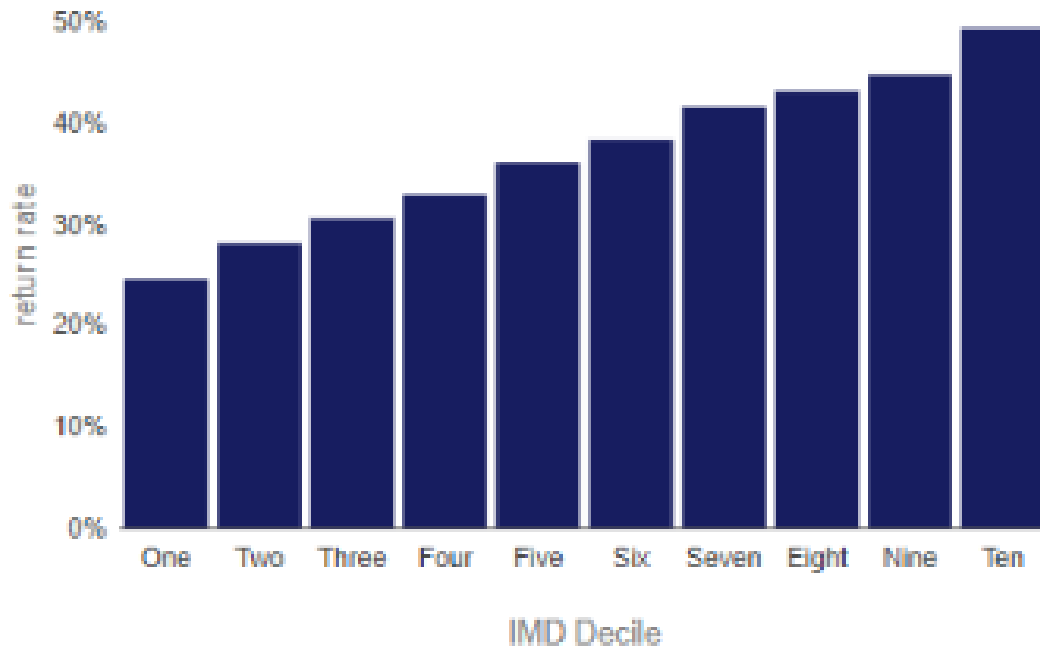


- Funnelling from an online-first design to a multi-mode survey
- Telephone capture promoted in reminder letter
- Not all non-responding households receive field visits
- Focus on minimising variability in response rates geographically rather than maximising overall response
- Targeted use of resources, funnelling most expensive options towards those who won't respond otherwise

Adaptive Survey Design & Responsive Operation

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Return rate by IMD Decile



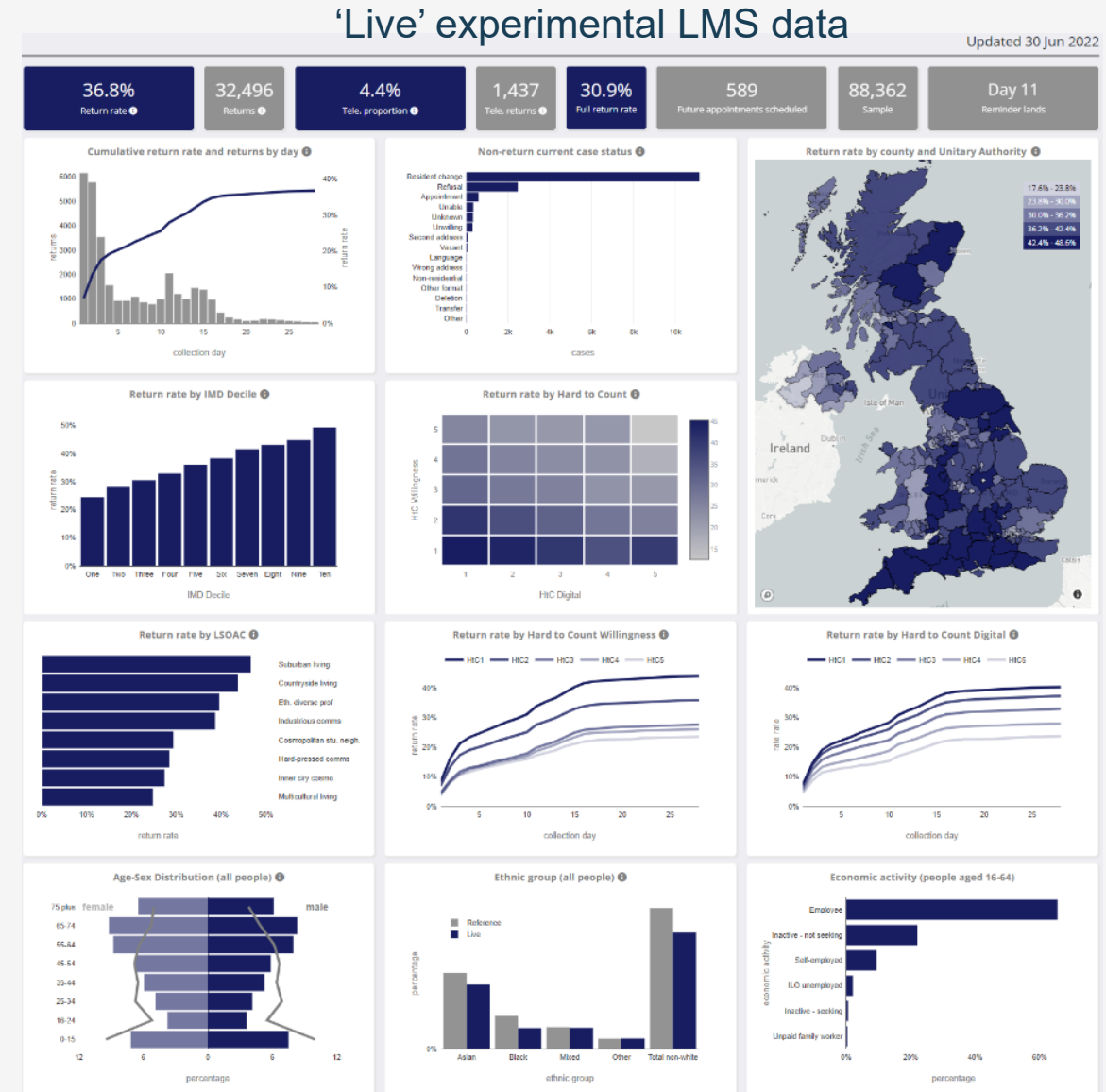
'Live' experimental LMS data

Updated 30 Jun 2022



Adaptive Survey Design & Responsive Operation

- Face to face data collection applied to specific sub-groups to reduce non-response bias.
- In development (within a year):
 - Responsive operation - real time monitoring of non-response bias with live field interventions
 - Targeted community engagement
- For the future:
 - Over-sample under-represented areas
 - Targeted materials / communications
 - 'Signs of life data' and field intel. to inform field operations



A Different Future Field Community

- Smaller and focused where it counts
- From 3 month negotiated workload planning to weekly automated allocation
- More mobile? (hard to count = hard to recruit)
- Electric (or hybrid) vehicles
- Multi-grade, more-diverse, mentoring, career structure, community engagement...



A tougher role?

Thank you

Questions?

